Open Infrastructure Summit 2019 Shanghai

NTT DOCOMO's Operational Challenges of Commercial Multi-vendor NFV System

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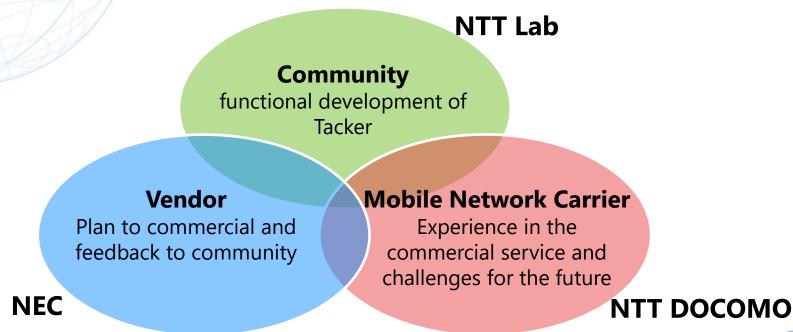


Orchestrating a brighter world

NEC

Message of this session

- Technical challenges that DOCOMO are experiencing in operating NFV in commercial services
- Solution for the challenges with the Open Infrastructure Community



About us

Hayashi Kohei

- NTT DOCOMO
- Developing a mobile core network in telecom operator
- System architect of NFV
 MANO

Takahashi Toshiaki

- NEC Corporation
- Providing a virtualization infrastructure for telecom operators
- Joining Tacker community

Jo Hiroyuki

- NTT Network Systems
 Laboratories
- OpenStack Tacker core
- NFV MANO system
 developer
- 10+ years system engineer in Telco industry



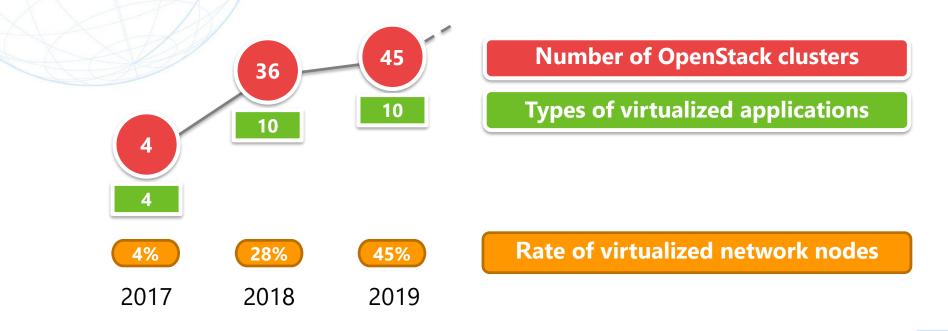




1. Current Status and Technical Challenges of NFV

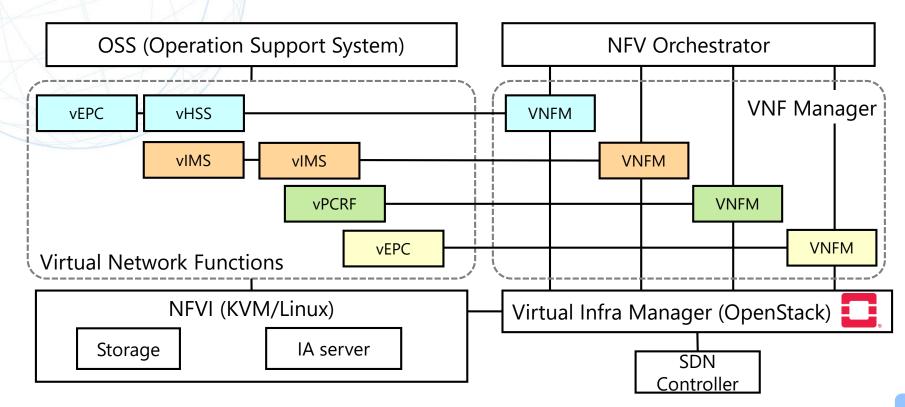
Scale of commercial NFV deployment

- DOCOMO had started operations of vEPC system on commercial network in 2016
- 45% of network nodes in core network are virtualized



DOCOMO NFV configuration

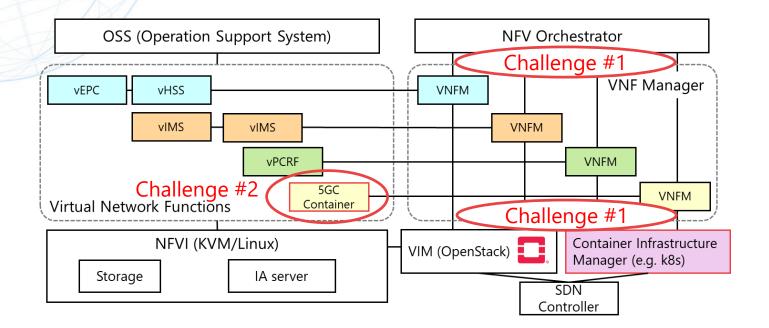
Multi-function/multi-vendor ETSI NFV-based architecture on a unified OpenStack infrastructure



Overview of technical challenges

2 technical challenges mapped in the DOCOMO NFV configuration

- Challenge #1: mitigation of many interfaces between specific VNFM for each VNF vendor and other components
- Challenge #2: support for 5G Core and handling of containerized VNF by NFV-MANO

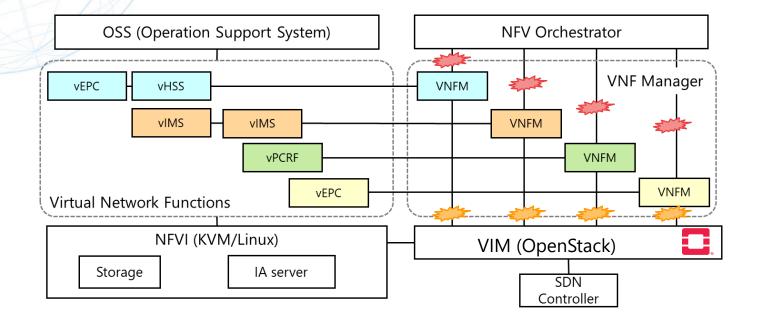


Challenge #1 : Mitigation of integration and verification in NFV-MANO and OpenStack

Integration and verification increases with upgrades of VNFM, NFVO, VIM

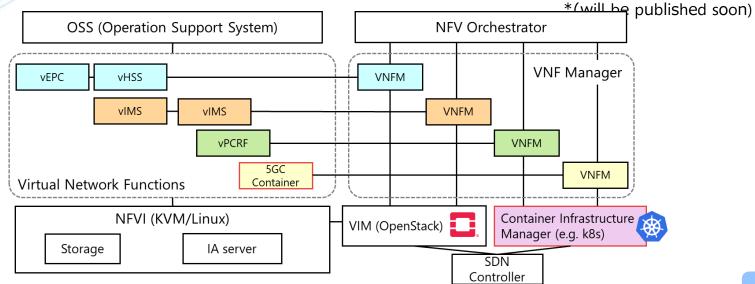
- Integration and verification between VNFM and NFVO
- Compatibility validation between VNFM and VIM for the upgrading of OpenStack API





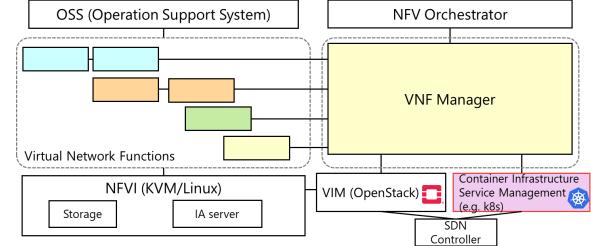
Challenge #2 : Support 5G Core and handling Of containerized VNF by MANO

- Since 5GC may introduce container-based VNFs, NFV-MANO should support the component of Container Infrastructure Service Management (CISM) such as Kubernetes
- Requires support for co-existence of container-based and VM-based VNFs
- Different options to introduce containers to NFV
 - ETSI NFV discussed several options to manage containerized VNFs in report IFA029*



NFV MANO for the future core network

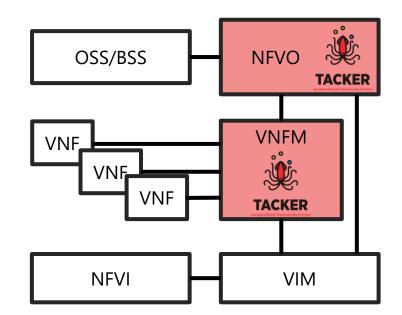
- Next generation VNFM that is able to solve technical challenges
 - Standard compliant implementation and OpenStack API support by VNFM leads to reduced costs of integration and verification with NFVO, VIM and CISM
- We will accelerate the OpenStack Tacker as the open source VNFM that supports various types of VNF and Virtualization Infrastructure (e.g. OpenStack and Kubernetes)
 - Designing the Tacker based on experience developing and operating multi-vendor NFVs
 - Feedback to ETSI NFV specification based on development of Tacker



2. OpenStack Tacker as Next Generation VNFM

OpenStack Tacker

- Official OpenStack project
- Aiming at implementing VNFM and NFVO
- Orchestrating virtualised telecom infrastructure
 - physical and virtual infrastructure
 - virtualised network and applications



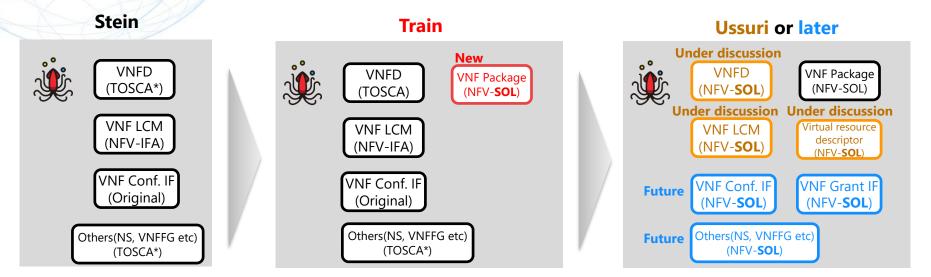
Why Tacker?

- For Challenge #1: ETSI NFV compliant VNFM
 - NFV-SOL compliant API enables mitigation of many interfaces between VNFM and other component
 - <u>https://www.etsi.org/standards-search#&search=NFV-SOL</u>
 - Explained in "3. Tacker Function Enhancement ~VNF Lifecycle Management~"
- For Challenge #2: Containerized VNF support to Kubernetes VIM
 - Implemented in Queens release
 - Need discussion for real use case
 - Explained in "3. Tacker Function Enhancement ~ Container Support ~ "

3. Tacker Function Enhancement ~VNF Lifecycle Management~

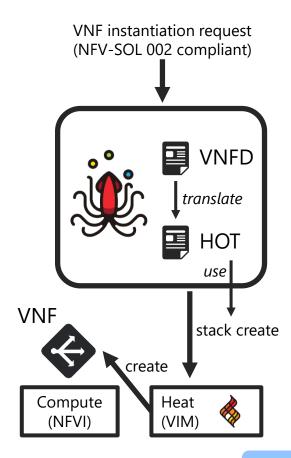
NTT is Enhancing Tacker VNF LCM

- Before Stein, Tacker referred to ETSI **NFV-IFA** standard, which is a functional specification rather than an API specification.
- ETSI NFV-SOL API Specification was published in 2018.
 NTT started to propose and implement SOL compliant API.



How to VNF LCM? – translation of VNFD to HOT

- When LCM, VNFD is translated to HOT (Heat Orchestration Template).
 - As Tacker utilizes Heat when creating/scaling/healing /deleting virtual resources as a component of VIM.
- 2 translation procedures are planned to be implemented.
 - Static translation (legacy approach)
 - Descriptor-based virtualised resource management
 - considering VIM configuration into translation logic without bringing VIM specific stuff into VNFM
- Operators can choose the procedure to use by specifying "additionalParams" in VNF LCM request.



Static translation

• Basic VNFD types including VDU, BlockStorage, CP, VL, ScalingAspecsts, InstantiationLevels will be supported.

SOL 001 VNFD type	HOT resource type
tosca.nodes.nfv.Vdu.Compute	OS::Nova::Server
tosca.nodes.nfv.Vdu.VirtualBlockStorage	OS::Cinder::Volume
tosca.nodes.nfv.VduCp	OS::Neutron::Port
tosca.nodes.nfv.VL	OS::Neutron::Net, OS::Neutron::Subnet OS::Neutron::QoSBandwidthLimitRule OS::Neutron::QoSPolicy
tosca.policies.nfv.ScalingAspects tosca.policies.nfv.VduInitialDelta tosca.policies.nfv.VduScalingAspectDeltas	OS::Heat::AutoScalingGroup OS::Heat::ScalingPolicy

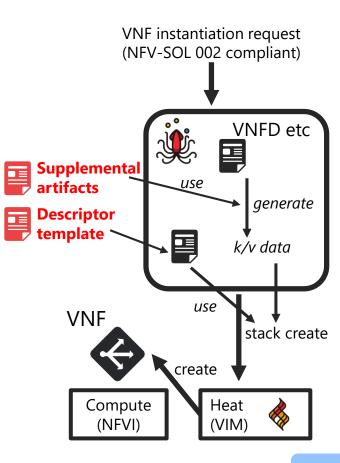
- Limitation due to gaps between VNFD and HOT.
 - If no ScalingAspect is defined for a VDU, number of the VDU is always 1 (i.e. VduInstantiationLevels is ignored).
 - Only one ScalingAspectDeltas per ScalingAspect is valid.

For commercial use cases...

- In a real complex use case, VIM and NFVI configuration and availability must be considered.
 - A operator must design CPU pinning assignments at the physical level.
 - Depending on the VNF, a operator may want to attach external storage instead of Cinder.
 - A operator can modify the high availability design of VNF depending on the availability of VIM/NFVI.
- Current SOL 001 doesn't allow to describe above attributes in VNFD.
- Static translation is applicable to limited use cases.

Descriptor-based virtualised resource management*

- SOL 014 is now making effort to specify the data model of virtual resource descriptor template.
- Key aspects of this approach are:
 - descriptor template is not depending on VIM configuration.
 - key-value parameters are generated from VNFD etc. using supplemental artifacts provided per VNF and VIM.
 - The choice of value is made under consideration of VIM configuration.
- NTT is planning to implement this approach but SOL 014 is still in draft and we expect it will be published in near future.



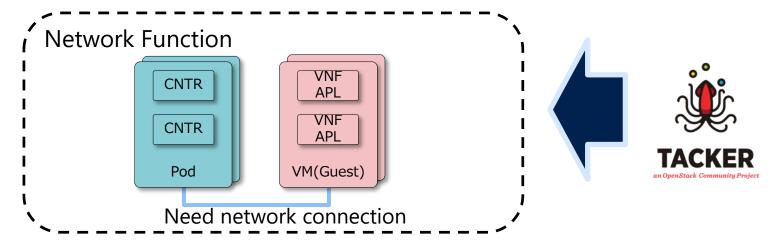
3. Tacker Function Enhancement ~ Container Support ~

Enhancement of container support (k8s)

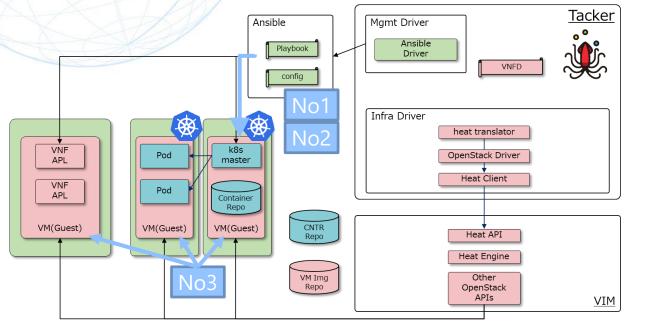
- Tacker already supports Kubernetes VIM
- What should we do more? Network Functions consist of containers and virtual machines.
 - Deploy containers and virtual machines in single operation from Tacker
 - Connect between containers and virtual machines
- Standardization: ETSI GR NFV-IFA 029 V0.20.0 (2019-08) * Final draft

https://docbox.etsi.org/ISG/NFV/Open/Drafts/IFA029ed311_Arch_enhancement_for_Cloud-native_&_PaaS/NFV-IFA029v0200.docx

- Document shows different Kubernetes to NFV-MANO mapping options
 - We have implemented options #6 (implementation 1) and #3 (implementation 2) as described in the next slides.



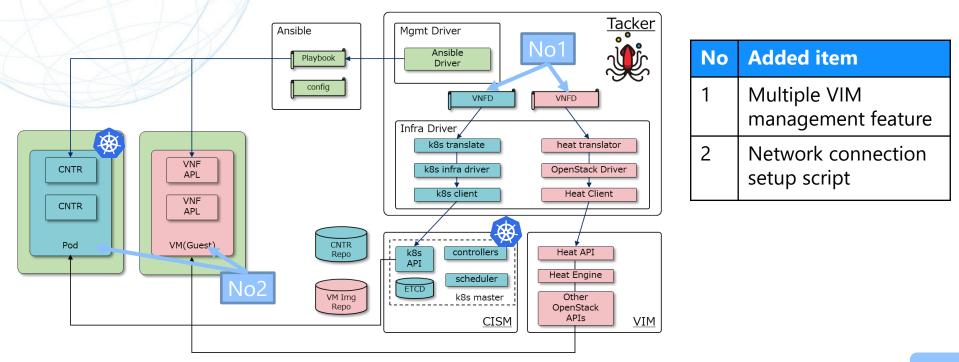
- Option#6: CISM* embedded into VNF without support for shared container service (* CISM=Kubernetes)
 - Kubernetes functionality is embedded into a VNF and uses the NFVI resources allocated to the VNF.



Νο	Added item
1	Kubernetes cluster configuration playbook
2	Pods creation playbook
3	Network connection setup script

- Knowledge
 - We can implement this.
 - Kubernetes master/worker nodes are created using Kubernetes node images.
 - Kubernetes configuration is executed using management driver.
 - Kubernetes is an application for Tacker.
- Future challenges
 - We need to design the detailed network between containers and VM.
 - Container Life cycle is hidden and cannot managed from Tacker.
 - E.g. Tacker cannot catch container restart events.

- Option#3: CISM* as a stand-alone functional block (* CISM=Kubernetes)
 - Kubernetes functionality is assigned to new NFV-MANO functional block.

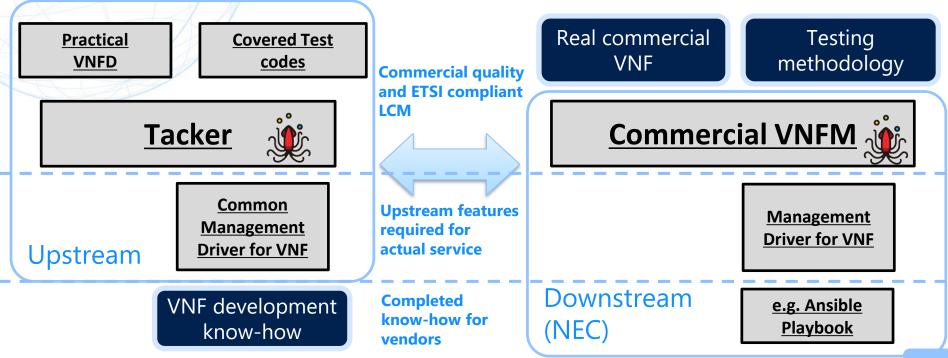


- Knowledge
 - We can implement this.
 - Tacker can manage Kubernetes.
- Future challenges
 - We need to design the detailed network between containers and VM.
 - How to connect between different infrastructures
 - We need to refine features. We will discuss it in Tacker community.
 - Tacker support capabilities expansion
 - Multiple VIM management
 - Not VNFM, how to implement?
 - VM and Container VNFD operation

4. Tacker Quality Enhancement for Commercial Service

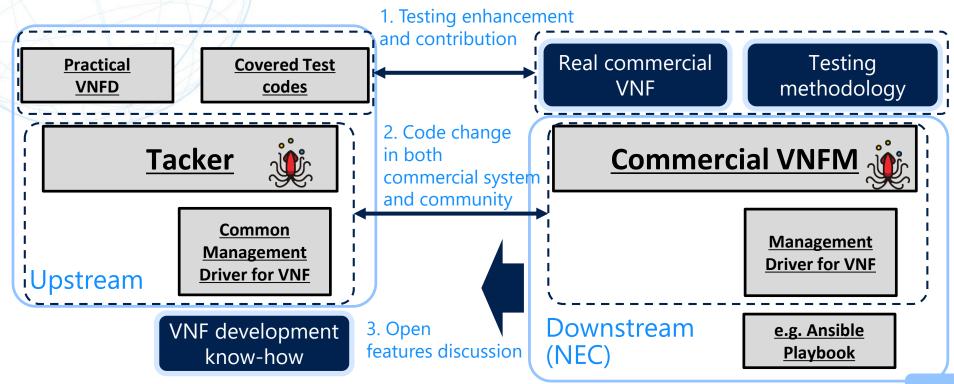
Quality enhancement for commercial service

- NEC is proceeding quality enhancement activities for commercial service.
- NEC plans to contribute our activities to make Tacker a high quality VNFM.



Quality enhancement for commercial service

• NEC is proceeding 3 activities for Tacker quality enhancement.



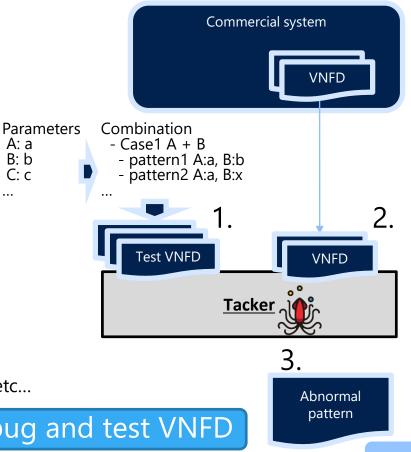
Quality enhancement: Testing enhancement

Test types	Community	NEC
Unit tests	 Based on OpenStack guide 	 Same level as community
Functional tests	 Integration tests with for each function e.g. Create and delete VNF Simple VNFD Block storage attach Multiple VDU Placement (Affinity etc) Scaling Monitoring/Alarming and action Respawn VDU-autohealing 	 Same level as community Combination tests based on real use case e.g. Set scaling to VNF using block storage Set scaling and autohealing Possible to test VNFM appropriately and systematically
Abnormal system tests	x Limited to possible tests	 Enough manual & automatic tests Possible to avoid fatal errors

Quality enhancement: Testing enhancement

- NEC's focus
 - 1. Appropriately covered test items
 - Test VNFD parameter combinations
 - Based on matrix of parameters used in commercial system
 - 2. <u>Commercial real use cases</u>
 - Test complicated VNF with VNFD used in commercial system
 - 3. Abnormal system test
 - Test abnormal system
 - e.g. DB becomes abnormal during LCM
 - Detect the system is completely broken
 - e.g. inoperable situation, data corruption, etc...

Planning to contribute fix for detected bug and test VNFD



Quality enhancement: Code Change

- Fix Tacker bugs / Add missing features
 - Fix/Add Tacker codes in our commercial system if necessary
 - Contribute the change to Tacker community

Our contributions to Tacker community

Item	Status
Worked on fixing CLI issues and improvement	Fixed
Identifying & fixing gaps in scaling policies with volume bugs	Reported
Identifying & fixing gaps with mgmt-driver in different scenarios	Under review

Quality enhancement: Features discussion

- Know-how for VNF developers
 - Management driver development
 - Tacker provides the basement of management driver for VNF
 - We will open our know-how and discuss our and other vendor's know-how.
 - We have a plan to contribute common functions based on the discussion.
- Need to discuss real use cases
 - e.g. Scaling use cases
 - What do we want to scale in actual use cases?
 - Scale VDU? Scale 2 VDU together?
 - Current Tacker does not suit some use cases.
 - Tacker cannot heal VDU in scaling group.

Planning to open know-how and our internal discussions.

Summary

- Presented DOCOMO's achievements and forthcoming challenges
- Tacker as a solution for network carrier's large-scale NFV
- NEC and NTT, as Tacker community members, focuses on commercial use, K8s support and VNF LCM compliant with ETSI NFV.

