OpenStack Architecture for the Enterprise DEL



Keith Tobin Greg Jacobs Cloud Architect Network Architect

Speaker Profiles



- Keith Tobin
- Dell Cloud Architect
- Located in the Dell Cloud Center of Excellence in Dublin, Ireland
- Over two decades of software, platform and cloud development
- Organizer for OpenStack Ireland
- Loves all things OpenStack and Cloud

Greg Jacobs



- Dell Network Architect
- 20 years working as a network architecture and solutions specialist
- Network evangelist and packet head

Design Goals

- Design an OpenStack architecture to run both enterprise and cloud applications
- Meet enterprise performance expectations for VM's, networking and storage
- Zero downtime on the control layer
- No data loss in the event of a single node failure
- Must be durable, reliable and highly available
- Must automatically recover after a fault situation has been fixed
- Minimize management tasks

Solution Stack



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Deployment With Crowbar



Deploying OpenStack with Crowbar Is Easy

- Crowbar boots and installs from ISO on a management node (server)
- Provides user with web UI for configuration and operations management
- Discovers all potential targets (servers) automatically
- Performs hardware configuration
 - BIOS configuration
 - Performs updates to BIOS and firmware
- Installs OS on targets
- Deploys OpenStack from a set of configuration modules called barclamps

Crowbar Deployment



Crowbar 2 Status



Load Balancer



Active/Passive (Normal)



Services

Active/Passive (Fault)



Single HAProxy Bottleneck



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Neutron (Single Networking Node)



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Neutron (Separate Networking Nodes)



Services





RabbitMQ Cluster (With Mirrored Queues)



Services

MySQL Database



MySQL Single Server (Normal Operation)



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MySQL Single Server (Failed)

Application



MySQL Single Server (Failed)

- Disadvantage
 - Single point of failure





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MySQL Active/Passive Failover



MySQL Active/Passive Failover (Fadental Operation)

Disadvantages

- Inactive Server
 - Limits scale
 - Reduces the potential workload processing ability of the solution by half
 - Async replication has potential for data inconsistencies across server nodes in fault situations



MySQL With DRDB



MySQL With DRDB (Normal Operation)

Disadvantages

- Inactive server
 - Limits scale
 - Reduces the potential workload processing ability of the solution by half



MySQL Multi-Master



MySQL Multi-Master Cluster





MySQL Async Replication

• No guarantee that data will be consistent across all nodes at any point in time



MySQL Single Thread replication



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MySQL Multi-Master Cluster

Disadvantages

- At any point in time there is no guarantee that data is in a consistent state within the cluster
- One thread allocated for replication tasks



Services

Percona MySQL Cluster

Percona MySQL Cluster

Capability

Synchronous Replication

Data Consistency

Parallel Applying on All Nodes

Automatic Node Provisioning

Multi-Master

Synchronous Replication



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Data Consistency



At any point in time data is always consistent across all nodes in the cluster

Capability	
Synchronous Replication	×2
Data Consistency	1
Parallel Applying on All Nodes	
Automatic Node Provisioning	
Multi-Master	

Parallel Applying on All Nodes



Capability	
Synchronous Replication	\sim
Data Consistency	\sim
Parallel Applying on All Nodes	×
Automatic Node Provisioning	
Multi-Master	

Automatic Node Provisioning



Multi-Master Cluster



Capability	
Synchronous Replication	\sim
Data Consistency	\sim
Parallel Applying on All Nodes	Ľ
Automatic Node Provisioning	Ľ
Multi-Master	~

Block Storage

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CEPH on R720







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Thank you

Chat with Keith and Greg @ the Dell booth

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Services