SUPPORTING GENERAL FEDERATION FOR LARGE-SCALE COLLABORATIONS

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PURPOSE

Determine how the OpenStack Community can partner with the NIST/IEEE Joint WG on Federated Cloud, and the Open Research Cloud Alliance (ORCA), to develop support for <u>general cloud federation</u>, and enable a wide range of collaborative application domains at any level in the software stack: IaaS, PaaS, or SaaS.





- NIST Goals:
 - Create a Conceptual Model with Vocabulary
 - Identify the federation deployment and governance design space
 - Identify all areas of necessary or possible standards
- IEEE Goals:
 - Work hand-in-glove with NIST WG to identify desirable standards
 - Take them through the international standards process



THE OPEN RESEARCH CLOUD ALLIANCE

- ORCA Goal: Support national and international scientific collaborations, i.e., federations
- openresearchcloud.org
- Fourth ORCA Congress
 - 8:30am 5:00pm, Thursday, May 24
 - Level 3, Room 306

THIS IS NOT JUST "CLOUD" FEDERATION!

SERVICES CAN BE FEDERATED AT ANY LEVEL IN THE SYSTEM STACK



Cloud federation is a special case of general service federation

A VERY PARTIAL LIST OF APPLICATION DOMAINS (CANDIDATES FOR APPENDIX B)

- **B.1.** User-to-Cloud Federation
- **B.2.** Cloud-to-Cloud Federation
- **B.3.** Cloud Wholesaling
- **B.4.** Scientific Data Sharing
- **B.5.** Scientific Compute Sharing
- B.6. Government Use Case; Public Safety, Disaster Response
- **B.7.** Business Use Case; Supply Chain Management
- **B.8.** Medicine and Medical Information/Records

THE NIST CLOUD FEDERATION REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE (DRAFT)



https://drive.google.com/drive/search?q=nist%20cloud

DEPLOYMENT AND GOVERNANCE MODELS



A SPECTRUM OF DEPLOYMENT OPTIONS

Bare-bones federation: Small-scale, manually managed Industrial federation: Large-scale, highly distributed, automated, accounting, auditing, legal

- Internal vs. External FMs
- Centralized vs. Distributed FMs
- Simple vs. large/arbitrary communication topologies
- No resource discovery needed small set of services known out-of-band
- No resource discovery policies needed
- No federated identity necessary same credential types everywhere
- Common roles known out-of-band
- Common resource access policies known out-of-band
- No federation discovery needed
- No accounting/auditing needed
- New member vetting/on-boarding is informal or known out-of-band
- Informal trust relationships

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- 1) What federation/collaboration use cases are of interest to you?
- 2) What application domains/user groups do you have that need a federated environment?
- 3) What federation deployment and governance models do you think are the most relevant?
- 4) Which one would you build out first?
- 5) How can we find common ground to build out together these capabilities, best practices, and ultimately international standards?

SUMMARY, ACTION ITEMS, FUTURE WORK

• Summary

• Action Items

• Future Work

How to Find Information

- NIST Public Working Group on Federated Cloud (PWGFC) URL
 - <u>http://collaborate.nist.gov/twiki-cloud-</u> <u>computing/bin/view/CloudComputing/FederatedCloudPWGFC</u>
- Request to be on NIST PWGFC Mailing List
 - fedcloud@nist.gov
- IEEE P2302 Intercloud Working Group URL
 - http://sites.ieee.org/sagroups-2302/
- Request to be on IEEE P2302 Intercloud Working Group List
 - STDS-P2302@ieee.org



Emerging Support for Hybrid Clouds in OpenStack

- Extending the Keystone API to support simple, manual federation management using two fundamental concepts:
 - Federate In: Explicitly specify which external IdPs are trusted
 - Federate Out: Explicitly specify which external SPs are trusted
- Enables a user from one cloud to, e.g., instantiate a VM or storage container on another cloud

